MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

KPMG LLP
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of Mount Logan Capital Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Mount Logan Capital Inc. (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018
- the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the years then ended
- the consolidated statements of changes in equity for the years then ended
- the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the ***"Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"*** section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditors' report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditors' report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditors' report is Peter Hayes.

Toronto, Canada

March 25, 2020

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(in thousands of United States dollars, except number of shares and per share amounts)

	Notes		December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018 (as restated - note 2(a))
Assets					
Investments, at fair value	**3**	$	64,489	$	29,282
Cash			425		5,882
Restricted cash	**2**		6,733		—
Due from affiliates, net			411		—
Accrued interest and dividend receivable			358		328
Deferred tax asset	**9**		2,863		2,044
Prepaid expenses			33		27
Total assets		**$**	**75,312**	**$**	**37,563**
Liabilities					
Credit facility (net of deferred financing costs of $80 and $0, respectively)	**8**	$	34,320	$	—
Payable for investments purchased			1,880		—
Interest payable			383		—
Contingent value rights	**7**		3,876		5,823
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			644		458
Total liabilities			41,103		6,281
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	**6**		80,988		79,744
Warrants	**6**		1,086		1,086
Contributed surplus			7,240		7,240
Deficit			(33,247)		(33,312)
Cumulative translation adjustment	**2**		(21,858)		(23,476)
Total shareholders' equity			34,209		31,282
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		**$**	**75,312**	**$**	**37,563**
Common shares issued and outstanding			**10,604,998**		**10,233,905**
Net asset value per share		**$**	**3.23**	**$**	**3.06**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors

/s/ Edward (Ted) Goldthorpe

Edward (Ted) Goldthorpe
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman

/s/ Graeme Dell

Graeme Dell
Chairman of Audit Committee

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(in thousands of United States dollars, except number of shares and per share amounts)

		Years ended December 31,	
	Notes	2019	2018 (as restated - note 2(a))
Investment income			
Interest income		$ 3,046	$ 596
Dividend income		442	—
Fee income		11	—
Total investment income		**3,499**	**596**
Operating expenses			
Management and servicing fees		—	79
Arrangement costs		166	3,033
Transaction costs		—	170
Interest and other credit facility expenses	8	1,563	—
Professional fees		593	109
Compensation		312	107
Directors' fees		99	99
Regulatory and shareholder relations		239	166
Other general and administrative		303	64
Total operating expenses		**3,275**	**3,827**
Net investment income (loss)		**224**	**(3,231)**
Realized and unrealized gain (loss)			
Net realized gain (loss) on investments		620	(713)
Net realized loss on foreign currency		(43)	(31)
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments		9	1,447
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on foreign currency		(1,281)	220
Total net realized and unrealized (loss) gain		**(695)**	**923**
Loss and comprehensive loss before income tax		**(471)**	**(2,308)**
Deferred tax recovered	9	699	**2,150**
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)		**$ 228**	**$ (158)**
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted		**10,348,477**	**3,834,589**
Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted		**$ 0.02**	**$ (0.04)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(in thousands of United States dollars, except number of shares)

2019	Notes	Number of Voting Common Shares	Share Capital	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018 (as restated - note 2(a))		**81,873,130**	**$ 79,744**	**$ 1,086**	**$ 7,240**	**$ (33,312)**	**$ (23,476)**	**$ 31,282**
Share issuance		2,968,751	1,264	—	—	—	—	1,264
Offering costs		—	(20)	—	—	—	—	(20)
Share consolidation		(74,236,883)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Distributions to shareholders		—	—	—	—	(163)	—	(163)
Comprehensive income		—	—	—	—	228	—	228
Cumulative translation reserve		—	—	—	—	—	1,618	1,618
Balance at December 31, 2019		**10,604,998**	**$ 80,988**	**$ 1,086**	**$ 7,240**	**$ (33,247)**	**$ (21,858)**	**$ 34,209**

2018	Notes	Number of Voting Common Shares	Share Capital	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2017 (as restated - note 2(a))		**17,702,767**	**$ 54,218**	**$ —**	**$ 7,240**	**$ (27,076)**	**$ (21,726)**	**$ 12,656**
Shares redeemed for cash		(10,175,038)	(4,115)	—	—	—	—	(4,115)
Shares redeemed for warrants		(2,686,099)	(1,086)	1,086	—	—	—	—
Issuance of contingent value rights		—	—	—	—	(6,066)	—	(6,066)
Shares issued on acquisition of Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC		3,292,952	1,382	—	—	—	—	1,382
Share issuance		73,738,548	30,949	—	—	—	—	30,949
Offering costs		—	(1,604)	—	—	—	—	(1,604)
Comprehensive income (loss)		—	—	—	—	(170)	—	(170)
Cumulative translation reserve		—	—	—	—	—	(1,750)	(1,750)
Balance at December 31, 2018 (as restated - note 2(a))		**81,873,130**	**$ 79,744**	**$ 1,086**	**$ 7,240**	**$ (33,312)**	**$ (23,476)**	**$ 31,282**
Share consolidation		(71,639,225)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at December 31, 2018 (reflecting share consolidation)		**10,233,905**	**$ 79,744**	**$ 1,086**	**$ 7,240**	**$ (33,312)**	**$ (23,476)**	**$ 31,282**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands of United States dollars)

	Notes	Years ended December 31, 2019	2018 (as restated - note 2(a))
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Comprehensive income (loss)		$ 228	$ (158)
Adjustments to reconcile net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Net realized (gains) losses		(620)	713
Net realized loss on foreign currency		43	31
Net change in unrealized appreciation		(9)	(1,447)
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) on foreign currency		1,281	(220)
Net foreign currency settlements		—	134
Cost of shares issued on acquisition of Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC		—	1,382
Payment in-kind interest		(221)	—
Net amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts on investments		(49)	—
Amortization of debt issuance costs		452	—
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:			
Due from BC Partners		(411)	—
Accrued interest and dividend receivable		(30)	(271)
Deferred tax asset		(819)	(2,044)
Prepaid expenses		(6)	(27)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Payable for investments purchased		1,880	—
Interest payable		383	—
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		186	223
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		**2,288**	**(1,684)**
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	**6**	1,264	30,949
Offering costs	**6**	(20)	(1,604)
Redemption of common shares	**6**	—	(4,115)
Distributions to shareholders	**6**	(163)	—
Borrowings on debt	**8**	34,400	—
Debt issuance costs	**8**	(532)	—
Net cash provided by financing activities		**34,949**	**25,230**
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of investments		(60,575)	(33,370)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of investments		24,492	12,154
Net cash used in investing activities		**(36,083)**	**(21,216)**
Net increase in cash and restricted cash		1,154	2,330
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and restricted cash		122	(244)
Cash and restricted cash, beginning of year		5,882	3,796
Cash and restricted cash, end of year		**$ 7,158**	**$ 5,882**
Supplemental information			
Interest received		$ 3,184	$ 325
Interest paid		$ 747	$ —
Amounts per statements of financial position			
Cash		$ 425	$ 5,882
Restricted cash		6,733	—
Total cash and restricted cash		**$ 7,158**	**$ 5,882**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

December 31, 2019
(in thousands of United States dollars, except shares)

Company[6]	Investment	Spread Above Index[1]	Interest	Maturity Date	Currency	Par / Shares	Cost	Fair Value
Debt investments								
Loans								
Consumer								
League Collegiate Holdings, LLC	First Lien Loan	L+475	6.50%	5/1/2024	USD	$ 4,938	$ 4,900	$ 4,789
League Collegiate Holdings, LLC[3][4][5]	First Lien Delayed Draw Term Loan	L+475	1.00%	5/1/2024	USD	—	(3)	(13)
SW Ingredients Holdings, LLC	First Lien Loan	L+425	5.91%	7/3/2025	USD	4,937	4,918	4,937
Welcome Dairy, LLC	First Lien Loan	L+450	6.30%	6/28/2025	USD	1,761	1,745	1,738
Welcome Dairy, LLC[3][4][5]	First Lien Delayed Draw Term Loan	NA	0.50%	6/28/2025	USD	—	(1)	(2)
Total consumer							11,559	11,449
Financials								
Acrisure, LLC[2]	First Lien Loan	L+425	6.19%	11/22/2023	USD	3,959	3,953	3,977
Alera Group Intermediate Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Loan	L+450	6.30%	8/1/2025	USD	3,960	3,977	4,009
CION Investment Group, LLC[7]	Promissory Note	NA	8.00%	6/30/2029	USD	3,068	3,068	3,068
Total financials							10,998	11,054
Healthcare								
Radiology Partners, Inc.[2]	First Lien Loan	L+475	6.66%	7/9/2025	USD	1,444	1,436	1,453
Total healthcare							1,436	1,453
Industrials								
Gladson, LLC	First Lien Loan	L+550	7.34%	10/24/2024	USD	1,979	1,942	1,940
PHI, Inc.	First Lien Loan	L+700	8.80%	9/4/2024	USD	2,148	2,107	2,128
TCP Sunbelt Acquisition Co.	First Lien Loan	L+450	6.44%	5/31/2024	USD	4,946	4,913	4,847
Teneo Holdings LLC	First Lien Loan	L+525	6.99%	7/12/2025	USD	4,988	4,800	4,758
Total industrials							13,762	13,673
Information technology								
The Dun & Bradstreet Corporation[2]	First Lien Loan	L+500	6.79%	2/9/2026	USD	5,000	4,998	5,050
Idera, Inc.	First Lien Loan	L+450	6.30%	6/28/2024	USD	3,084	3,070	3,100
Monotype Imaging Holdings Inc.	First Lien Loan	L+550	7.44%	10/11/2026	USD	2,000	1,880	1,880
Wesco Group, LLC	First Lien Loan	L+425	6.20%	6/15/2024	USD	3,456	3,430	3,422
Total information technology							13,378	13,452
Total loans							**51,133**	**51,081**
Bonds								
Cline Mining Corporation[7]				7/8/2022	CAD	8,304	6,394	3,876
Total bonds							**6,394**	**3,876**
Total debt investments							**57,527**	**54,957**
Equity investments								
BCP Great Lakes Holdings LP[7]					USD		9,472	9,532
Cline Mining Corporation[7]					CAD	2,075,595	411	—
Total equity investments							**9,883**	**9,532**
Total investments							**$ 67,410**	**$ 64,489**

(1) The majority of the investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR” or “L”), which resets monthly, quarterly, or semiannually. For each such investment, the Company has provided the spread over LIBOR and the current contractual interest rate in effect at December 31, 2019.

(2) Other than the investments noted by this footnote, the fair value of the Company’s investments is determined using unobservable inputs that are significant to the overall fair value measurement.

(3) Position is an unfunded loan commitment. See Note 11 “Commitments and Contingencies”.

(4) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.

(5) The maturity date represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan.

(6) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company’s portfolio companies are pledged as collateral to secure Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC’s debt obligation outstanding under the Revolving Senior Loan Facility. See note 7 “Credit Facility”.

(7) Investment is not pledged as collateral for the Revolving Senior Loan Facility.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOUNT LOGAN CAPITAL INC.

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

December 31, 2018

(in thousands of United States dollars, except shares)

Company[6]	Investment	Spread Above Index[1]	Interest	Maturity Date	Currency		Par / Shares		Cost		Fair Value
Debt investments											
Loans											
Consumer											
League Collegiate Holdings, LLC[2]	First Lien Loan	L+475	7.25%	5/1/2024	USD	$	3,731	$	3,696	$	3,696
League Collegiate Holdings, LLC[3][4][5]	First Lien Delayed Draw Term Loan	L+475	1.00%	5/1/2024	USD		—		(3)		(3)
SW Ingredients Holdings, LLC[2]	First Lien Loan	L+425	7.05%	7/3/2025	USD		3,731		3,714		3,714
Total consumer									7,407		7,407
Industrials											
GFL Environmental Holdings Inc.	Holdco PIK Note		11.00%	5/31/2028	CAD		5,278		3,949		3,789
Myers Emergency Power Systems, LLC[2]	First Lien Loan	L+425	7.05%	7/2/2024	USD		997		988		988
TCP Sunbelt Acquisition Co.[2]	First Lien Loan	L+450	7.38%	5/31/2024	USD		3,731		3,701		3,701
Total industrials									8,638		8,478
Information technology											
Wesco Group, LLC[2]	First Lien Loan	L+425	7.06%	6/15/2024	USD		2,612		2,587		2,587
Total information technology									2,587		2,587
Total loans									**18,632**		**18,472**
Bonds											
Cline Mining Corporation				7/8/2022	CAD		8,304		6,480		5,823
Total bonds									**6,480**		**5,823**
Total debt investments									**25,112**		**24,295**
Equity investments											
BCP Great Lakes Holdings LP					USD				4,987		4,987
Cline Mining Corporation					CAD		2,075,595		417		—
Total equity investments									**5,404**		**4,987**
Total investments								**$**	**30,516**	**$**	**29,282**

(1) Loan contains a variable rate structure that bears interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") (which can include one-, two- three- or six-month LIBOR) and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

(2) The interest rate on these loans is determined in reference to 1-month or 6-month LIBOR.

(3) Position is an unfunded loan commitment. See Note 11 "Commitments and Contingencies".

(4) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.

(5) The maturity date represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Mount Logan Capital Inc. (the "Company" or "MLC") is incorporated under the laws of Ontario and its common shares are publicly traded on the NEO Exchange ("NEO Exchange") under the symbol "MLC". Prior to October 10, 2018, the Company was named "Marret Resource Corp." and its common shares were traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "MAR".

Prior to October 19, 2018, the Company's business of an investment firm was primarily focused on investing in public and private debt securities and making term loans (including bridge and mezzanine debt) to issuers in a broad range of natural resource sectors, including energy, base and precious metals and other commodities, and issuers involved in exploration and development. The Company's business also included financing other resource-related businesses and investing in public and private equity and quasi-equity securities. The portfolio was managed by Marret Asset Management Inc. (the "Former Manager") under a management services agreement ("MSA"). Pursuant to the MSA, the Former Manager was responsible for the management of the Company's business, including the Company's day-to-day investment operations. On October 19, 2018, the Company terminated the MSA except for retaining the Former Manager to continue to manage the Company's investment in Cline Mining Corporation ("Cline").

On October 19, 2018, the Company completed a plan of arrangement under the *Business Corporation Act* (Ontario) (the "Arrangement") pursuant to which, among other things, it raised additional financing and expanded its focus from natural resource lending to a broader lending-oriented credit platform. In connection with the Arrangement, the Company acquired an initial portfolio of loans and other investments with credit-oriented characteristics and now actively manages and monitors its loan portfolio on an ongoing basis. The Company's primary objective is to actively source, evaluate, underwrite, monitor, and invest in additional loans, debt securities, and other credit-oriented instruments that present attractive risk-adjusted returns and present low risk of principal impairment through the credit cycle. Further, in connection with the Arrangement, the Company acquired Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC ("MLC I"), in exchange for the issuance of an aggregate of 3,292,952 common shares of the Company (411,619 common shares after giving effect to the share consolidation completed on December 3, 2019. See Note 5 "Shareholders Equity"). In connection with the Arrangement, MLC I acquired approximately $16.0 million of primarily U.S.-based diversified senior secured loans and the Company directly acquired $7.3 million and CAD$5.1 million of loans.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company on March 25, 2020.

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar ("CAD"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("USD"), the Company's presentation currency.

Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements comprise the assets, liabilities and results of operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, MLC I and Mount Logan Management, LLC ("ML Management"), for the period. MLC and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Company" in these consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities over which MLC has control. MLC controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control commences and deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as those used in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, except for the following changes in accounting policies and disclosures, as described below:

(a) Change in presentation currency

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company changed its presentation currency from CAD to USD to better reflect the Company's business activities. In making this change in presentation currency to USD, the Company followed the guidance in International Auditing Standards 21, *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*, and have applied the change retrospectively, as if the USD has always been the Company's presentation currency, as follows:

- assets and liabilities have been translated into USD at the rate of exchange prevailing at the respective reporting dates;
- the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income were translated at the average exchange rates for the respective reporting periods, or at the exchange rates prevailing at the applicable transaction date;
- equity transactions have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions; and
- exchange differences arising on translation were recorded in "cumulative translation adjustment" in shareholders' equity.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

The exchange rates used in translation were as follows:

CAD/USD exchange rate		December 31, 2019		December 31, 2018		January 1, 2018
As at the reporting date	$	0.7701	$	0.7326	$	0.7920
Average rate for the period		0.7531		0.7706		

(b) Critical accounting judgments, estimates, and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and such differences could be material.

The Company holds financial instruments that are generally not quoted in active markets and management is required to make estimates related to its Level 3 investments. Accordingly, by their nature, estimates of fair value of this type are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed separately in Notes 2(c), 2(f) and 2(g).

(c) Fair value measurement

The Company's investments are measured at fair value through profit and loss. Investments held that are traded in an active market, through recognized public stock exchanges, over-the-counter markets, or through recognized investment dealers are valued at their closing price (Level 1). Investments held that are not traded in an active market are valued based on the results of valuation techniques using observable market inputs, if available, on such basis and in such manner established by management (Level 2). The fair value of certain securities may be estimated using valuation techniques based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market inputs (Level 3). Investments for which reliable quotations are not readily available, or for which there is no bid or ask price, are valued at fair value, as determined using management's best estimates thereof pursuant to procedures established by the Company. Equity investments in other portfolio companies are primarily based on the net asset value ("NAV") of the fund and adjusted for factors known to the Company that would affect the fund's NAV, including, but not limited to, fair values for individual investments held directly or indirectly by the fund if the Company holds the same investment or for a publicly traded investment. These values are periodically assessed by management of the Company to ensure that they are reasonable.

The Company's contingent value rights liability is measured at fair value through profit and loss, and represents a contingent cash entitlement in respect of its investment in Cline. Additional information regarding the Company's accounting for contingent value rights is included in Note 3.

(d) Investment transactions

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and are treated as an expense. The Company records expenses related to its debt obligations as debt issuance costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective yield method, over the life of the related debt instrument. Debt issuance costs are presented on the consolidated statements of financial position as a direct deduction from the debt liability. The change in the difference between fair value and amortized cost of the investments is recorded as an unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Realized gains or losses on investments are calculated using the average cost method as the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period, including any reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation with respect to investments disposed during the period.

The Company classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at the measurement date;

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

(e) Interest and dividend income recognition

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums. Discounts from and premiums to par value on debt investments purchased are accreted/amortized into interest income over the life of the respective security using the effective interest method. The amortized cost of debt investments represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums, if any.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. The Company considers many factors relevant to an investment when placing it on or removing it from non-accrual status including, but not limited to, the delinquency status of the investment, economic and business conditions, the overall financial condition of the underlying investment, the value of the underlying collateral, bankruptcy status, if any, and any other facts or circumstances relevant to the investment. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability of the outstanding principal and interest. Non-accrual loans may be restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and are likely to remain current based on management's judgment.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

(f) Foreign currency translation

The fair value of foreign denominated investments and other assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at period end date. Purchases and sales of foreign securities and the related income are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

The Company isolates that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held. Changes in fair value on investments are shown in net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), while unrealized foreign exchange related fluctuations are included with the net change in unrealized gain or loss on foreign currency in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). Fluctuations arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings are also included in the net change in unrealized gains or losses on foreign currency in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(g) Financial instruments

Financial instrument assets are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to a financial instrument contract. The Company's investments are designated as financial assets to be measured at fair value through profit and loss. All other financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost. Under this method, financial assets and liabilities reflect the amount required to be received or paid. The carrying values of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Transaction costs related to financial assets classified as FVTPL are expensed as incurred.

(h) Current and deferred income taxes

Income tax expense includes current and deferred income taxes. Income tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognized directly in equity.

Current tax is the amount of income tax recoverable (payable) in respect of the taxable loss (profit) for a period. Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for accounting and tax purposes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates expected to apply when temporary differences reverse. Changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities related to a change in tax rates are recorded in the period the tax rate is substantively enacted. Current and deferred taxes are offset only when they are levied by the same taxing authority, levied on the same entity or group of entities and when there is a legal right to offset.

Current income taxes include any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous years. The Company also makes assumptions about the expected timing of the reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities. If the Company's interpretations differ from those of taxing authorities or if the timing of reversals is not as expected, its provision for income taxes could increase or decrease in future periods. The amount of any such increase or decrease cannot be reasonably estimated.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only when it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available in future periods against which deductible temporary differences may be utilized. The Company assesses whether it is probable that its deferred income tax assets will be realized prior to expiration and, based on all the available evidence, determine if any portion of its deferred income tax assets should not be recognized. The factors used to assess the probability of realization are the Company's past experience of income and capital gains, its forecast of future net income before taxes, and the period remaining before the expiration of tax loss carryforwards. Changes in the Company's assessment of these factors could increase or decrease its provision for income taxes in future periods. Enacted or substantially enacted rates in effect at the reporting date that are expected to apply when the deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled are used to calculated deferred income taxes.

Additional information regarding the Company's accounting for income taxes is included in Note 9.

(i) Income (loss) per share

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income or loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income (loss) per share is calculated in the same manner, with further adjustments to reflect the dilutive effect of common share equivalents outstanding. Outstanding warrants are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share when the average market price of common shares does not exceed the exercise price of the warrants (i.e., they are "out of the money").

(j) Restricted cash

Restricted cash represents amounts pledged as collateral for the credit facility.

(k) Dividends

Dividends to the Company's shareholders are recorded on the record date. The payment of any cash dividend to shareholders of the Company in the future will be at the discretion of the Board and will depend on, among other things, the financial condition, capital requirements and earnings of the Company, and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The Business Corporations Act (Ontario) ("OBCA") provides that a company may not declare or pay a dividend if there are reasonable grounds for believing that the company is, or would be after the payment of the dividend, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due or the realizable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and stated capital of all classes of shares of its capital. Furthermore, holders of common shares may be subject to the prior dividends rights of holders of preference shares, if any, then outstanding.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

(l) New accounting policies

In 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, *Leases* ("IFRS 16"), which replaced the existing standards for lease accounting. The new standard sets out a model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessees and lessors. IFRS 16 became effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with earlier adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

IFRIC interpretation, *IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*, clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements in IAS 12, *Income Taxes*, ("IAS 12") when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. In such a circumstance, an entity shall recognize and measure its current or deferred tax asset or liability applying the requirements in IAS 12 based on taxable profit (loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates determined. IFRIC 23 became effective for annual report periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with earlier adoption permitted. The adoption of IFRIC 23 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The following table summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

	Fair Value Measurements			
As at December 31, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Debt investments	$ —	$ 10,480	$ 40,601	$ 51,081
Bonds	—	—	3,876	3,876
Equity investments	—	—	9,532	9,532
	$ —	**$ 10,480**	**$ 54,009**	**$ 64,489**
Financial liabilities				
Contingent value rights	$ —	$ —	$ 3,876	$ 3,876
	$ —	**$ —**	**$ 3,876**	**$ 3,876**

	Fair Value Measurements			
As at December 31, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Debt investments	$ —	$ —	$ 18,472	$ 18,472
Bonds	—	—	5,823	5,823
Equity investments	—	—	4,987	4,987
	$ —	**$ —**	**$ 29,282**	**$ 29,282**
Financial liabilities				
Contingent value rights	$ —	$ —	$ 5,823	$ 5,823
	$ —	**$ —**	**$ 5,823**	**$ 5,823**

There were no transfers between the levels for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

The following is a reconciliation of the Company's investment portfolio for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining fair value:

	Debt Investments	Bonds	Equity Investments	Total Financial Assets	Contingent Value Rights
Balance at December 31, 2018	$ 18,472	$ 5,823	$ 4,987	$ 29,282	$ 5,823
Purchases of investments and other adjustments to cost	44,062	—	6,343	50,405	—
Proceeds from principal repayments and sales of investments	(22,583)	—	(1,858)	(24,441)	—
Net realized gain on investments	634	—	—	634	—
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments [1]	16	(1,947)	60	(1,871)	(1,947)
Balance at December 31, 2019	$ 40,601	$ 3,876	$ 9,532	$ 54,009	$ 3,876
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on Level 3 investments still held	$ 13	$ (1,861)	$ 65	$ (1,783)	$ (1,947)

[1] Includes realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency.

	Debt Investments	Bonds	Equity Investments	Total Financial Assets	Contingent Value Rights
Balance at December 31, 2017	$ —	$ 5,826	$ —	$ 5,826	$ —
Purchases of investments and other adjustments to cost	19,957	—	4,987	24,944	5,823
Proceeds from principal repayments and sales of investments	(1,325)	—	—	(1,325)	—
Net realized gain on investments	—	—	—	—	—
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investments [1]	(160)	(3)	—	(163)	—
Balance at December 31, 2018	$ 18,472	$ 5,823	$ 4,987	$ 29,282	$ 5,823
Net change in unrealized depreciation on Level 3 investments still held	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ —

[1] Includes realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency.

The valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation of level 3 investments were as follows:

As at December 31, 2019

		Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements				
Asset Category	Fair Value	Valuation Technique/Methodology	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Change in Valuation +	Change in Valuation -
First lien loans	$ 7,829	Recent transaction	Transaction price	94.0-101.3 (98.6)	$ 79	$ (79)
First lien loans[2]	29,704	Yield analysis	Market yield	7.1%-11.2% (8.5%)	303	(303)
Promissory notes	3,068	Recent transaction	Transaction price	100.0 (100.0)	31	(31)
Bonds[1]	3,876	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	12.0%	461	(160)
Equity investments	9,532	Net asset value	Net asset value	NA	NA	NA
Contingent value rights[1]	(3,876)	Direct offset to bonds	Discount rate	12.0%	(160)	461
	$ 50,133					

(1) The estimated fair value was determined based on discounted cash flows of expected proceeds resulting from the sale by Cline to Allegiance Coal Limited of all the shares in New Elk Coal Company ("NECC"). The estimated fair value in Cline was determined based on both observable and unobservable assumptions primarily related to expected value of certain Cline assets to be realized on sale, timing of the repayment of certain obligations owed by NECC to Cline, and the discount rate used.
(2) For loan investments where the recent transaction price does not estimate fair value, the Company determines the fair value utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to its total enterprise value, and the rights and remedies of the Company's investment within the portfolio company's capital structure.

As at December 31, 2018

		Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements				
Asset Category	Fair Value	Valuation Technique/Methodology	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Change in Valuation +	Change in Valuation -
First lien loans	$ 18,472	Recent transaction	Transaction price	98.0-99.5 (98.9)	$ 255	$ (255)
Bonds[1]	5,823	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	12.0%	1,314	(3,016)
Equity investments	4,987	Net asset value	Net asset value	NA	NA	NA
Contingent value rights[1]	(5,823)	Direct offset to bonds	Discount rate	12.0%	(1,314)	3,016
	$ 23,459					

(1) The estimated fair value was determined based on discounted cash flows of expected proceeds resulting from the sale by Cline to Allegiance Coal Limited of all the shares in New Elk Coal Company ("NECC"). The estimated fair value in Cline was determined based on both observable and unobservable assumptions primarily related to expected value of certain Cline assets to be realized on sale, timing of the repayment of certain obligations owed by NECC to Cline, and the discount rate used.

The Company, along with affiliates of the Former Manager (the “Group”), holds an investment in the equity and bonds of Cline. Under a restructuring plan involving Cline, approved by the courts in 2015, the Group owns all of the equity and the senior secured bonds of Cline post-restructuring. On July 15, 2019, the Former Manager announced that Cline had entered into a conditional term sheet with Allegiance Coal Limited for the purchase and sale of all the shares of New Elk Coal Company, LLC (“NECC”), which holds all the mining assets of Cline. The fair value of Cline was determined based on the net present value of expected proceeds resulting from the proposed sale of Cline’s mining assets.

On January 22, 2020, the Manager announced that Cline had entered into a binding agreement for the sale by Cline to Allegiance Coal Limited of all the shares in NECC. The total acquisition cost is CAD$55.0 million to be comprised of a mix of cash, shares of Allegiance Coal Limited and deferred cash payments that will be subject to certain conditions. Completion of the sale must take place before July 15, 2020 and is subject to certain conditions, including Allegiance Coal Limited raising start-up capital for the mine, which was estimated to be $55.0 million at the time of the announcement.

The estimate fair value is based on assumptions related to the completion of the announced transaction and the future operations of the mine. The assumptions include the expected timing of the repayment of certain obligations owed by NECC to Cline and the appropriateness of discount rates used in the estimates. Accordingly, by their nature, estimates of fair value of this type are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations. Should the underlying assumptions change, the estimated fair value could change by a material amount.

4. MANAGEMENT SERVICES AGREEMENT

On October 19, 2018, in connection with the completion of the Arrangement, the Company terminated the Management Services Agreement (“MSA”) except for retaining the Former Manager to continue to manage the Company’s investment in Cline for a fee equal to 1% of the net proceeds of any distribution made by Cline in a particular year or 1% of the net proceeds to the Company from a sale of the Company’s interest in Cline. Fees that are attributable to the investment in Cline shall only be determined and become payable to the Former Manager on the sale of the investment in Cline, in its entirety, and shall be calculated using, and payable only on the net sale proceeds actually received by the Company for its investment in Cline. Any fees paid to the Former Manager as a result of the sale of the investment in Cline will reduce the amounts paid to the holders of CVRs (as defined below).

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In connection with the Arrangement, the Company acquired MLC I in exchange for the issuance to an affiliate of BC Partners Advisors L.P. (“BC Partners”) of 3,292,952 common shares of the Company (411,619 common shares after giving effect to the share consolidation completed on December 3, 2019. See Note 5 “Shareholders Equity”). In connection with the Arrangement, MLC I acquired approximately $16.0 million of primarily U.S.-based diversified senior secured loans.

Also in connection with the closing of the Arrangement, MLC I directly acquired $7.3 million and CAD$5.1 million of loans sourced from BC Partners, which loans also formed part of the Company’s initial seed portfolio.

On November 20, 2018, the Company entered into a servicing agreement (the “Servicing Agreement”) with BC Partners. Under the terms of the Servicing Agreement, BC Partners as servicing agent (the “Servicing Agent”) performs, or oversees the performance of, the administrative services necessary for the operation of the Company, including, without limitation: (i) provision of office facilities, equipment, clerical, bookkeeping, compliance and recordkeeping services and such other administrative services as the Servicing Agent, subject to review by the Board, shall from time to time determine to be necessary or useful to perform its obligations under the Servicing Agreement, and (ii) on behalf of the Company, conducting relations with custodians, depositories, transfer agents, dividend disbursing agents, other shareholder servicing agents, accountants, attorneys, underwriters, brokers and dealers, corporate fiduciaries, insurers, banks and such other persons in any such other capacity deemed to be necessary or desirable. The Servicing Agent is authorized to enter into sub-administration agreements as the Servicing Agent determines necessary in order to carry out the administrative services. The Company pays fees to BC Partners at amounts to be agreed by the parties for services performed for it pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company incurred costs reimbursable to the Servicing Agent of $141 (2018 – $0) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Servicing Agent (or its affiliates) to the Company’s Chief Financial Officer and its respective staffs (based on a percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business affairs of the Company) and out-of-pocket expenses. As at December 31, 2019, operating expenses of $18 (2018 – $0) paid by BC Partners on behalf of the Company were reimbursable to BC Partners.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Servicing Agreement will remain in effect until November 20, 2020 and shall continue automatically for successive annual periods, if approved annually by (i) the vote of the Board and (ii) the vote of a majority of the Company’s directors who are not parties to the Servicing Agreement or a “related party” of the Company, of the Servicing Agent, or of any of their respective affiliates, as defined in the Multilateral Instrument 61-101 under Canadian securities law. The Servicing Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, upon 60 days’ written notice by the vote of the Board or by the Servicing Agent.

On November 28, 2018, the Company entered into a commitment of $10 million (to be drawn over time) to invest in a unitranche lending program through BCP Great Lakes Holdings LP (“Great Lakes Holdings”). Funding of $5 million was made under this program during 2018, with an additional $4.5 million during 2019. The program underwrites and holds senior secured unitranche loans and seeks to build a diverse portfolio of floating rate, sponsor-backed middle-market loans paying a quarterly cash yield.

On August 19, 2019, ML Management, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Monitoring Agreement with BC Partners pursuant to which, among other things, ML Management will receive a fee for providing monitoring services in respect of certain investments managed by BC Partners, all as agreed to by ML Management and BC Partners from time to time. For the year ended December 31, 2019, ML Management recognized fee revenue under this agreement of $11 (2018 – $0).

Certain directors and officers of the Company are affiliated with BC Partners. Common shares held by directors and officers of the Company who are affiliated with BC Partners at December 31, 2019 were 397,861 (2018 – 149,350) after giving effect to the share consolidation completed on December 3, 2019. The total directors’ fees incurred to the directors who are affiliated with BC Partners during the year ended December 31, 2019 was $25 (2018 – $0).

Key management personnel of the Company include the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer and co-presidents. Compensation incurred to officers who are affiliated with BC Partners for employee services, based on employment agreements, for the year ended December 31, 2019 was $299 (2018 – $58).

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

6. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preference shares, issuable in one or more series, and an unlimited number of common shares.

As of December 31, 2019, there were 10,604,998 common shares issued and outstanding (2018 – 81,873,130 (prior to giving effect to the share consolidation completed on December 3, 2019 as described below)).

The following table summarizes the shareholder transactions for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 (as restated):

	Shares		Amount	Warrants		Amount
Balance at December 31, 2017	17,702,767	$	54,218	—	$	—
Shares redeemed for cash	(10,175,038)		(4,115)	—		—
Shares redeemed for warrants	(2,686,099)		(1,086)	20,468,128		1,086
Shares issued on acquisition of Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC	3,292,952		1,382	—		—
Shares issued in Financing	73,738,548		30,949	—		—
Share issue costs	—		(1,604)	—		—
Balance at December 31, 2018	81,873,130		79,744	20,468,128		1,086
Shares issued	2,968,751		1,264	—		—
Share issue costs	—		(20)	—		—
Share consolidation	(74,236,883)		—	—		—
Balance at December 31, 2019	**10,604,998**	**$**	**80,988**	**20,468,128**	**$**	**1,086**

On September 10, 2019, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of an aggregate of 2,968,751 common shares at a price of CAD$0.56 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of $1,264.

Arrangement

On October 19, 2018, upon completion of the Arrangement, each of the common shares of the Company was exchanged for one new common share of the Company created pursuant to the Arrangement ("New Shares") and, subject to certain restrictions, one contingent value right ("CVR"), with each CVR representing a contingent cash entitlement in respect of Cline. Under the terms of the indenture governing the CVRs, the Company will seek to dispose of Cline for the five (5) year period following the closing of the Arrangement and will distribute to the holders of the CVRs any distributions received from Cline and the net proceeds received from the sale of the Company's holdings in Cline.

In addition, each shareholder, subject to certain restrictions, was provided with the option to exchange all of its New Shares for: (i) CAD$0.53 in cash (subject to proration) for each New Share held, or (ii) 7.62 warrants (subject to proration) exercisable for a period of seven years from the effective date of the Arrangement at a price of CAD$0.77 per share for each New Share held, which is a non-cash transaction. All warrants are outstanding as at December 31, 2019 and 2018. As at December 31, 2019, the Company had 20,468,128 warrants outstanding which are exercisable at any time up to October 19, 2025. As a result of the share consolidation completed on December 3, 2019, every eight (8) warrants entitle the holder to receive, upon exercise, one common share of the Company at a price of CAD$6.16 per common share. Accordingly, an aggregate of up to 2,558,516 common shares are issuable upon the exercise of the 20,468,128 outstanding warrants as at December 31, 2019.

In connection with the Arrangement, the Company incurred costs totaling $3,199.

Financing

On October 19, 2018, upon completion of the Arrangement, each of the subscription receipts ("Subscription Receipts") issued pursuant to the Company's private placement of 73,738,548 Subscription Receipts at a price of CAD$0.55 per Subscription Receipt automatically converted, without payment of additional consideration into one New Share. The financing is summarized below:

Closing Date	Subscription Receipts		Amount
June 27, 2018	45,817,828	$	19,231
August 30, 2018	5,342,272		2,242
October 12, 2018	22,578,448		9,476
	73,738,548		**30,949**
Transaction costs:			
Agent fees			(878)
Depository agent fees			(90)
Professional fees			(636)
			(1,604)
Net proceeds		**$**	**29,345**

Share consolidation

On December 3, 2019, the Company completed a consolidation of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company on the basis of one (1) post-consolidation share for every eight (8) pre-consolidation shares. The exercise price and number of common shares of the Company issuable upon the exercise of the outstanding warrants, stock option and restricted share unit plans of the Company were proportionately adjusted to reflect the consolidation. All references to the number of shares and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share consolidation.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

Dividends

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company did not declare or pay any dividends or make any distributions on the common shares of the Company. The following table reflects the distributions declared on the common shares of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2019:

			Common shares	Dividend amount per share		Total dividend amount	
Date of declaration	Record date	Payment date	outstanding	CAD	USD[1]	CAD	USD[1]
December 4, 2019	December 13, 2019	December 27, 2019	10,604,998	$ 0.02	$ 0.02	$ 212	$ 163

[1] Dividends are issued and paid in CAD. For reporting purposes, amounts recorded in equity are translated to USD using the daily exchange rate on the date of record.

The dividend was designated as an eligible dividend for the purpose of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) and any similar provincial or territorial legislation.

Stock option plan and performance and restricted share unit plan

On May 30, 2019, the Company's shareholders approved (i) a stock option plan (the "2019 Option Plan") and (ii) a performance and restricted share unit plan (the "PR Plan"). The aggregate number of common shares that are issuable under the 2019 Option Plan upon the exercise of options which have been granted and are outstanding, together with common shares that are issuable pursuant to outstanding awards and grants under any other share compensation arrangement of the Company, shall not at any time exceed 10% of the common shares then issued and outstanding. The purchase price for any common shares underlying an option shall not be less than the fair market value of a common share on the date the option is granted, being the closing price of the common shares on the NEO Exchange on the last trading day before the date of grant. Options granted under the 2019 Option Plan have a maximum term of 10 years from the date of grant. The aggregate number of common shares that are issuable under the PR Plan to pay awards which have been granted and are outstanding under the PR Plan, together with common shares that are issuable pursuant to outstanding awards or grants under any other share compensation arrangement of the Company, shall not exceed at any time 10% of the common shares then issued and outstanding. There were no options or awards outstanding under either the 2019 Option Plan or the PR Plan as at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

7. CONTINGENT VALUE RIGHTS

On closing of the Arrangement and in accordance with the terms of the Arrangement, the Company issued to its shareholders an aggregate of 17,288,140 CVRs. As part of the Arrangement, each shareholder of the Company (other than U.S. shareholders) received one (1) CVR in respect of Cline for each common share held as of the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to receive CVRs. Pursuant to the indenture governing the terms of the CVRs, the Company will seek to dispose of Cline for the five (5) year period following the closing of the Arrangement and will distribute to the holders of the CVRs: (a) distributions received from Cline; and (b) the net proceeds received from the sale of the Company's holdings in Cline. Fees that are attributable to the investment in Cline shall only be determined and become payable to the Former Manager on the sale of the investment in Cline, in its entirety, and shall be calculated using, and payable only on the net sale proceeds actually received by the Company for its investment in Cline. Any fees paid to the Former Manager as a result of the sale of the investment in Cline will reduce the amounts paid to the holders of CVRs. As at December 31, 2019, the CVRs had a fair value of $3,876, being the fair value of the investment in Cline (2018 – $5,823).

8. CREDIT FACILITY

On February 22, 2019 (the "Closing Date"), MLC I entered into a facility and security agreement ("Revolving Senior Loan Facility") of up to $50.0 million with a large financial institution as initial lender, and such other additional institutions who from time to time parties thereto (the "Lender"). U.S. Bank N.A. serves as administrative agent, custodian, collateral agent and collateral administrator. The Revolving Senior Loan Facility is guaranteed by the Company.

The maximum principal amount of the Revolving Senior Loan Facility was initially $29.0 million, which amount was automatically increased to: (a) $36.6 million seven months after the Closing Date, (b) $43.3 million eight months after the Closing Date, and (c) $50.0 million nine months after the Closing Date, with a one-time facility increase of $25.0 million exercisable at any time after total advances equal or exceed $40.0 million.

The availability period under the Revolving Senior Loan Facility was to terminate on February 21, 2020, with four one-year extensions at the Lender's option.

Amounts drawn under the Revolving Senior Loan Facility will bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.50% or 1.80% depending on the asset base with a minimum weighted average interest of LIBOR plus 2.15%. The Company pays a commitment fee of 0.50% per annum on undrawn amounts under the Revolving Senior Loan Facility. For the year ended December 31, 2019, interest expense, including the amortization of debt issuance costs, was $1.6 million.

The outstanding principal amount and accrued but unpaid interest in respect of the Revolving Senior Loan Facility was to become payable on the 364th day after the Closing Date, subject to certain adjustments pursuant to the Revolving Senior Loan Facility.

The Revolving Senior Loan Facility contains affirmative and restrictive covenants, events of default and other customary provisions, including periodic financial reporting requirements and minimum liquidity requirements.

On January 31, 2020, MLC I entered into an amendment to the Revolving Senior Loan Facility pursuant to which, among other things, the maturity date was extended from February 21, 2020 to February 19, 2021. See Note 15 "Subsequent Events".

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

Debt obligations consisted of the following as at December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Revolving Senior Loan Facility:		
Principal outstanding	$ 34,400	$ —
Unamortized financing costs	(80)	—
	$ 34,320	**$ —**

9. INCOME TAXES

Included in deferred income tax assets is $2,863 (2018 – $2,044) related to deductible temporary differences. On the evidence available, including management projections of income, the Company believes that it is probable there will be sufficient taxable income generated by the Company's business operations to support these deferred tax assets.

	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2018
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	$ (471)	$ (2,308)
Combined federal and provincial statutory income taxes	26.50%	26.50%
Income tax provision based on statutory income taxes	(125)	(612)
Permanent differences	(588)	372
Deferred tax asset not recognized	14	240
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	—	(2,150)
Total tax expense (recovery)	**$ (699)**	**$ (2,150)**

Based on the Company's income tax filings and current year activity, the gross deductible temporary differences are as follows:

	December 31, 2019
Scientific research costs not yet deducted[(1)]	$ 56,044
Non-capital losses available[(2)]	32,796
Net capital losses available[(3)]	23,785
Other	1,406
Gross deductible temporary differences	114,031
Combined federal and provincial statutory income taxes	26.50%
Deferred tax asset, gross	30,218
Valuation allowance	(27,355)
Deferred tax asset, net	**$ 2,863**

(1) The Company has $56,044 of scientific research and experimental development expenditure pools available for deduction against future income. These expenditure pools have no expiry date.

(2) The Company has $32,796 of non-capital losses available to offset future taxable income. These losses expire between 2026 and 2039.

(3) The Company has $23,785 of net capital losses available to offset future capital gains for which no benefit has been recorded. These losses have no expiry date.

10. INTERESTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED STRUCTURED ENTITIES

The Company has made a $10 million commitment to invest in Great Lakes Holdings, a Delaware limited partnership formed as a co-investment vehicle to facilitate the participation of certain co-investors to invest, directly or indirectly, in BCP Great Lakes Funding LLC ("Great Lakes Funding"). The Company is liable for its unfunded capital commitment. The Company may not sell, assign, pledge or otherwise transfer or encumber all or any part of its interest in Great Lakes Holdings, nor shall the Company have the power to substitute a transferee in its place as a substitute limited partner without having obtained the prior written consent of the general partner. The Company does not have the right to withdraw from Great Lakes Holdings without the consent of the general partner and upon such terms and conditions as may be specifically agreed upon between the general partner and the Company. The investment strategy of Great Lakes Funding is to underwrite and hold senior, secured unitranche loans made to middle-market companies.

In determining whether the Company has control or significant influence over Great Lakes Holdings, the Company assesses voting rights, the exposure to variable returns, and its ability to use the voting rights to affect the amount of the returns. The Company categorizes its investment in Great Lakes Holdings as unconsolidated structured entities.

Investment in Great Lakes Holdings is susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainty about future values of its NAV. The maximum exposure to loss from interest in Great Lakes Holdings is equal to the fair value of the investment at any given point in time. The fair value of Great Lakes Holdings is disclosed on the consolidated statements of financial position as part of investments and listed in the consolidated schedule of investments.

As at December 31, 2019, the Company has a 14.86% ownership in Great Lakes Holdings. As at December 31, 2019, the Company has funded $9.5 million in Great Lakes Holdings.

As at December 31, 2019, the net assets of Great Lakes Holdings were $63.7 million.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

11. INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per common share for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2019	2018
Comprehensive income (loss)	$ 228	$ (158)
Weighted average share of common stock outstanding – basic and diluted	10,348,477	3,834,589
Income (loss) per common share – basic and diluted	$ 0.02	$ (0.04)

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments. As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had the following outstanding commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

Portfolio Company	Investment	Currency	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
BCP Great Lakes Holdings LP	Unitranche lending program	USD	$ 528	$ 5,013
League Collegiate Holdings, LLC	First lien delayed draw term loan	USD	435	325
Welcome Dairy, LLC	First lien delayed draw term loan	USD	227	—
			$ 1,190	$ 5,338

On October 15, 2019, the Company announced that it identified two instances of unlawful activity by a sophisticated third party resulting in two wire transfers of the Company's funds to third party accounts. The Company recovered $1.0 million in unlawful wires and BC Partners entered into a binding agreement to advance (the "Advance") to the Company an amount equal to the unrecovered amount (the "Lost Amount"). The Company acknowledges and agrees that it shall (a) continue to use its reasonable best efforts to pursue recovery of the Lost Amount, and (b) has no obligation to repay to BCP Partners any portion of the Advance, other than from all funds it recovers pursuant to (a) above.

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks. The Company seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks for the Company's performance through management's professional experience in portfolio management and by monitoring the Company's investment positions and market events, and periodically may use derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, the Company maintains a governance structure that oversees the investment activities and monitors compliance with the Company's stated investment strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the default of a counterparty on its obligation to the Company. It arises principally from debt securities held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables. The Company's maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the financial assets in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Company's credit risk policy is to minimize its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties that meet the Company's credit standards and by obtaining collateral through security on substantially all assets of the obligors.

Credit risk is managed by dealing with counterparties the Company believes to be creditworthy and by regular monitoring of credit exposures. None of the counterparties to the debt instruments are publicly rated. The Company deposits its cash with highly-rated banking corporations.

The Company's investments in debt securities are generally unrated.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash on hand and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Company may borrow funds to make investments to the extent it determines that additional capital would allow it to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the market for debt financing presents attractively priced debt financing opportunities. Periodic cash flow forecasts are performed to ensure the Company has sufficient cash to meet operational and financing costs. Liquidity risk arising from the contingent value rights is mitigated by the investment in Cline.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the Company's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

The recent outbreak of the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, in many countries continues to adversely impact global commercial activity and has contributed to significant volatility in financial markets. The global impact of the outbreak has been rapidly evolving, and as cases of the virus have continued to be identified in additional countries, many countries have reacted by instituting quarantines, restrictions on travel and other measures to mitigate the impact of this pandemic. Such actions are creating disruption in global supply chains, and adversely impacting a number of industries, including, among others, transportation, hospitality and entertainment. The outbreak could have a continued adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown and continued volatility. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the duration and extent of this pandemic and its impact on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations, as well as the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Company's portfolio companies. Nevertheless, the novel coronavirus presents material uncertainty and risk with respect to our and our portfolio companies' performance and financial results. The Company is actively monitoring developments with respect to this pandemic and its impact as part of the Company's overall investment objective and strategy.

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company holds certain debt investments with fixed interest rates that expose it to fair value interest rate risk. The Company also holds debt investments subject to variable interest rates, which exposes it to cash flow interest rate risk. The Company also holds a debt obligation subject to variable interest rates, which partially mitigates it to cash flow interest rate risk.

The following table summarizes the Company's exposure to interest rate risk, including the Company's assets and liabilities categorized by the remaining term to maturity:

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Less than 1 year	$ —	$ —
1 - 3 years	(34,400)	—
3 - 5 years	24,189	5,823
> 5 years	30,768	18,472
Total	**$ 20,557**	**$ 24,295**

The annualized impact on net income of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates on our debt investments and debt obligation had the prevailing interest rates been lowered or raised by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables remaining constant, was $179 (2018 – $0). In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis.

(e) Valuation risk

The Company invests, and plans to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt of private companies. Most of the Company's investments will not have a readily available market price, and the Company values these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by management and independent third-party valuation firm(s) and in accordance with the Company's valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments the Company makes. If the Company was required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

(f) Concentration risk

Concentration risk arises because of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographic location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type.

The following is a summary of the Company's concentration risk, based on geographic location and product type:

	December 31, 2019		**December 31, 2018**	
	Fair value	**% of total**	**Fair value**	**% of total**
Loans	$ 51,081	79.2%	$ 18,472	63.1%
Bonds	3,876	6.0%	5,823	19.9%
Equity	9,532	14.8%	4,987	17.0%
	$ 64,489	**100.0%**	**$ 29,282**	**100.0%**

	December 31, 2019		**December 31, 2018**	
	Fair value	**% of total**	**Fair value**	**% of total**
Canada	$ 3,876	6.0%	$ 9,612	32.8%
United States	60,613	94.0%	19,670	67.2%
	$ 64,489	**100.0%**	**$ 29,282**	**100.0%**

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

(g) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated in currencies other than the Company's functional currency, the Canadian dollar, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates and adversely impact the Company's reported income, cash flows or fair values of its investment holdings. The Company may reduce its foreign currency exposure through the use of derivative arrangements such as foreign exchange forward contracts or futures contracts. As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had exposure to the U.S. dollar through its holding of investments and assets and liabilities denominated in U.S. dollars. The amount by which the net assets of the Company would have increased or decreased, as at December 31, 2019, had the prevailing exchange rates been lowered or raised by $0.01 was $384 (2018 - $322). In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis.

The tables below indicate the currencies to which the Company had significant net exposure other than its functional currency as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, on its monetary assets and liabilities, as well as the underlying notional amount of any foreign forward currency contracts:

December 31, 2019:

Currency	USD-denominated investments	USD-denominated assets	USD-denominated liabilities	Net exposure	As a % of net equity
USD	$ 60,613	$ 5,637	$ (36,696)	$ 29,554	86.4%

December 31, 2018:

Currency	Foreign-denominated investments	USD-denominated assets	USD-denominated liabilities	Net exposure	As a % of net equity
USD	$ 19,670	$ 3,945	$ —	$ 23,615	75.5%

As at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the majority of the Company's net assets were denominated in U.S. dollars, which gives rise to unrealized gains / losses on foreign exchange in the Company's reported results.

14. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital consists of debt, cash and shareholders' equity. The Company manages equity as capital and may adjust the amount of debt borrowings, dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets. The Company's officers and senior management are responsible for managing the Company's capital and do so through quarterly meetings and regular review of financial information. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing this process.

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

15. Effect of change in presentation currency

As set out in note 2, the Company elected to change its presentation currency to USD effective January 1, 2019.

For comparative purposes, the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2018 and January 1, 2018 include adjustments to reflect the change in the accounting policy resulting from the change in presentation to the USD. The amounts previously reported in CAD as shown below have been translated into USD at the respective reporting date exchange rates (note 2). The result of the translation is as follows.

	December 31, 2018 USD	December 31, 2018 CAD	January 1, 2018 USD	January 1, 2018 CAD
Assets				
Investments, at cost	$ 30,516	$ 39,933	$ 10,421	$ 13,157
Investments, at fair value	$ 29,282	$ 39,970	$ 8,962	$ 11,316
Cash and cash equivalents	5,882	8,029	3,796	4,793
Restricted cash	—	—	—	—
Accrued interest and dividend receivable	328	448	57	72
Deferred tax asset	2,044	2,790	—	—
Prepaid expenses	27	37	—	—
Unrealized appreciation on foreign currency forward contracts	—	—	76	97
Total assets	**$ 37,563**	**$ 51,274**	**$ 12,891**	**$ 16,278**
Liabilities				
Contingent value rights	$ 5,823	$ 7,949	$ —	$ —
Subscription receipts	—	—	—	—
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	458	625	235	297
Total liabilities	6,281	8,574	235	297
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	79,744	69,394	54,218	35,946
Warrants	1,086	1,424	—	—
Contributed surplus	7,240	7,483	7,240	7,483
Deficit	(33,312)	(35,601)	(27,076)	(27,448)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(23,476)	—	(21,726)	—
Total shareholders' equity	31,282	42,700	12,656	15,981
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	**$ 37,563**	**$ 51,274**	**$ 12,891**	**$ 16,278**
Common shares issued and outstanding	**10,233,905**	**10,233,905**	**2,212,845**	**2,212,845**
Net asset value per share	**$ 3.06**	**$ 4.17**	**$ 5.72**	**$ 7.22**

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

For comparative purposes, the consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2018 include adjustments to reflect the change in accounting policy resulting from the change in presentation currency to USD. The amounts previously reported in CAD as shown below have been translated into USD at the average exchange rates (note 2). The result of the translation is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	
	USD	CAD
Investment income		
Interest income	$ 596	$ 774
Total investment income	**596**	**774**
Operating expenses		
Management and servicing fees	79	102
Arrangement costs	3,033	3,936
Transaction costs	170	221
Professional fees	109	142
Compensation	107	136
Directors' fees	99	129
Regulatory and shareholder relations	166	215
Other general and administrative	64	86
Total operating expenses	**3,827**	**4,967**
Net investment loss	**(3,231)**	**(4,193)**
Realized and unrealized gain (loss)		
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	(713)	(925)
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency	(31)	(40)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	1,447	1,878
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency	220	286
Total net realized and unrealized loss	**923**	**1,199**
Loss and comprehensive loss before income tax	**(2,308)**	**(2,994)**
Income tax (expense) / recovery deferred	2,150	2,790
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	**$ (158)**	**$ (204)**
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted	**3,834,589**	**3,834,589**
Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted	**$ (0.04)**	**$ (0.05)**

(In thousands of United States dollars, except per share amounts and where otherwise noted)

For comparative purposes, the consolidated statements of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018 include adjustments to reflect the change in accounting policy resulting from the change in presentation currency to USD. The amounts previously reported in CAD as shown below have been translated into USD at the average exchange rates (note 2). The result of the translation is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2018	
	USD	CAD
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Comprehensive income (loss)	$ (158)	$ (204)
Adjustments to reconcile net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net realized losses (gains)	713	925
Net realized loss on foreign currency	31	40
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation	(1,447)	(1,878)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on foreign currency	(220)	(286)
Net foreign currency settlements	134	174
Cost of shares issued on acquisition of Great Lakes Senior MLC I LLC	1,382	1,811
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accrued interest and dividend receivable	(271)	(376)
Deferred tax assets	(2,044)	(2,790)
Prepaid expenses	(27)	(37)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	223	328
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	**(1,684)**	**(2,293)**
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	30,949	40,556
Offering costs	(1,604)	(2,102)
Redemption of common shares	(4,115)	(5,393)
Net cash provided by financing activities	**25,230**	**33,061**
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments and payment-in-kind interest	(33,370)	(43,305)
Proceeds from sale and repayment of investments	12,154	15,773
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	**(21,216)**	**(27,532)**
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,330	3,236
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(244)	—
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	3,796	4,793
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	**$ 5,882**	**$ 8,029**
Supplemental information		
Interest received	$ 325	$ 398

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 22, 2020, the Former Manager announced that Cline had entered into a binding agreement for the sale by Cline to Allegiance Coal Limited of all the shares in New Elk Coal Company, LLC (“NECC”). NECC owns the New Elk Coal hard coking coal mine located in southeast Colorado. The total acquisition cost is CAD$55.0 million to be comprised of a mix of cash, shares of Allegiance Coal Limited and deferred cash payments that will be subject to certain conditions. Completion of the sale must take place before July 15, 2020 and is subject to certain conditions, including Allegiance Coal Limited raising start-up capital for the mine, which was estimated to be $55 million at the time of the announcement. The Company has written-down the fair value of Cline to reflect the net present value of expected proceeds from the proposed sale.

On January 31, 2020 (the “First Amendment Effective Date”), MLC I entered into an amendment to the Revolving Senior Loan Facility pursuant to which, among other things, the maturity date was extended from February 21, 2020 to February 19, 2021. The Company pays a closing fee equal to 1.00% of the initial committed facility amount on the First Amendment Effective Date and 1.00% of the committed facility amount increase on the date of each increase. Upon the commencement of the third one-year extension, an extension fee is payable equal to the 0.50% of the committed facility amount. On March 23,2020, the Company reached an agreement in principal with the Lender for the Revolving Senior Loan Facility such that the applicable ramp-up period for the Revolving Senior Loan Facility would be deferred to on or about September 30, 2020 and the increase in the facility size to $50.0 million would be deferred to a later date.

On March 25, 2020, the Board declared a cash dividend in the amount of $0.02 per common share to be paid on April 28, 2020 to shareholders of record as of April 14, 2020.

The outbreak of the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, in many countries continues to adversely impact global commercial activity and has contributed to significant volatility in financial markets. The global impact of the outbreak has been rapidly evolving, and as cases of the virus have continued to be identified in additional countries, many countries have reacted by instituting quarantines and restrictions on travel. Such actions are creating disruption in global supply chains, and adversely impacting a number of industries, such as transportation, hospitality and entertainment. The outbreak could have a continued adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact of the novel coronavirus. Nevertheless, the novel coronavirus presents material uncertainty and risk with respect to our and our portfolio companies' performance and financial results.

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